

Combined Remedy Rapidly Achieves Targets to Address Chlorinated Solvent Impacts

CVOC Groundwater Impacts
Effectively Treated Using PlumeStop
and S-MicroZVI, Expediting Closure



Background and Site Characterization

Active Industrial Facility in Southern California Impacted by CVOC contamination

Chlorinated solvent usage at a former printing facility in Orange County, California [Figure 1](#) contaminated the soil, soil vapor, and groundwater with tetrachloroethene (PCE) and trichloroethene (TCE), requiring remediation. Much of the contamination (i.e., the source area) was identified beneath the site building of an active business. Soil vapor sampling completed at the site indicated a vapor intrusion risk due to the contaminant release.

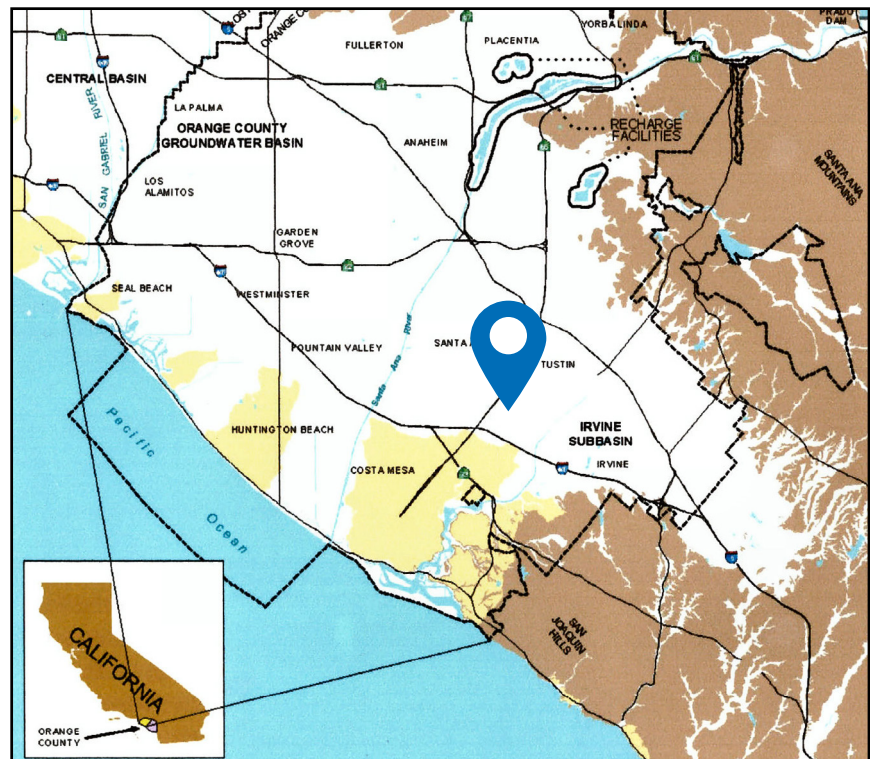
The property owner responded proactively following the discovery, reaching a settlement with the site tenant, and negotiating with the State of California, Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Board (Water Board), the entity responsible for overseeing site remedial activities, for developing a path forward.

Figure 1

Site Location and Timeline

Project Timeline

- **2015**
 Investigations identified tetrachloroethene (PCE) and trichloroethene (TCE) in groundwater, soil, soil vapor, and indoor air
- **2016**
 Water Board engagement and limited shallow excavation
- **2017**
 Roux retained by the property owner
- **2020**
 Feasibility Study and Remedial Action Plan
- **2021-Present**
 Remediation and Monitoring

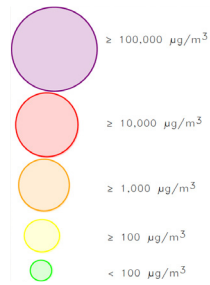


The soil vapor sampling revealed that most of the chlorinated volatile organic compounds (CVOCs) were concentrated beneath the building's southern corner (Figure 2). As an interim response, shallow CVOC impacted soils from this area were excavated and disposed of.

Figure 2

Bubble Plot Diagram

Bubble plot diagram showing logarithmic-scale TCE concentrations in soil vapor beneath the building. PCE in soil vapor (not shown) was similarly distributed.

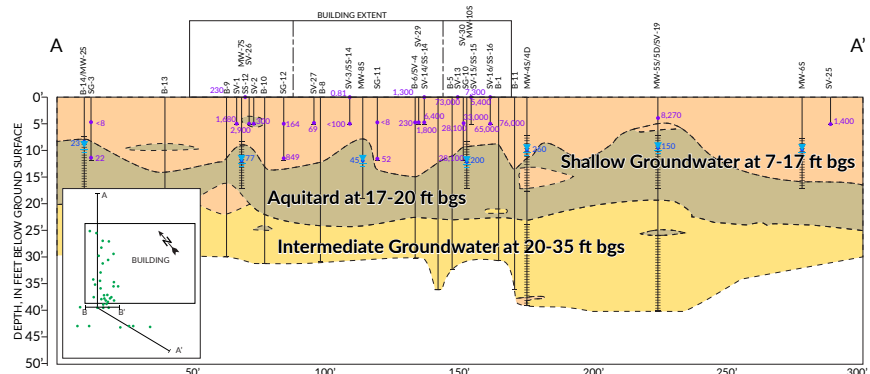


The CVOCs had also impacted the shallow groundwater and migrated beyond the property boundary, exceeding background contamination levels related to an offsite release. An aquitard restrained the contaminants vertically, separating the impacted shallow groundwater from a deeper, intermediate aquifer. This deeper groundwater zone was impacted by a separate, offsite CVOC release source. (Figure 3)

Figure 3

Cross Section A-A'

Cross section A-A' shows shallow and intermediate aquifers, separated by an aquitard.





Remedial Approach

A Multi-Faceted Remedial Solution Mitigates CVOC Contamination Beneath an Active Business and Offsite



In 2017, the Client retained Roux, a leading environmental remediation consultant, working from its Long Beach, California office to complete the remediation project.

With access to the contaminants restricted by the building, further remediation efforts had to be coordinated with the site tenant to minimize business interruptions while aggressively advancing the site toward regulatory closure. Specifically, the remedy needed to achieve the following:

1. Reduce CVOCs in soil, soil vapor, and groundwater to background contamination levels,
2. Minimize disruption to the site tenant occupying the building,
3. Coordinate with offsite property owners to complete the work, and
4. Complete all work within established budgets and timeframes.

Roux assessed the available remedial strategies to achieve these goals in a 2020 Feasibility Study and Remediation Action Plan (FS/RAP). Alternatives eliminated from consideration in the FS/RAP included thermal treatment, and dual-phase extraction. Ultimately, Roux proposed a multi-faceted remedy targeting media in two areas of concern.

AOC-1-Source Zone

Media Targeted	Soil vapor and groundwater
Soil Vapor Remedial Approach	Soil vapor extraction (SVE) and sub-slab depressurization (SSDS), beginning with SVE (active vapor removal phase) and ending with SSDS (passive phase)
Shallow Groundwater Remedial Approach	<i>In Situ</i> chemical reduction (ISCR) of CVOCs via injection of S-MicroZVI

AOC-2-Downgradient Plume at Adjacent Offsite Property

Media Targeted	Shallow groundwater
Remedial Approach	Halt further CVOC plume migration via sorption-enhanced ISCR by injecting PlumeStop® and S-MicroZVI® to create a permeable reactive barrier (PRB).

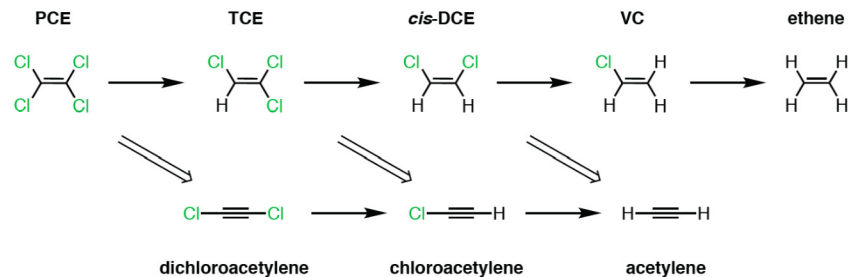


S-MicroZVI is a colloidal form of ZVI, less than five microns in size, surface-treated with a reduced sulfur species (i.e., sulfidated) that dramatically improves timelines for ISCR-based remedial pathways to be completed. [Figure 4](#)

Figure 4

Degradation Pathways

Chlorinated ethene degradation pathways and products. The top pathway with single-line arrows represents the reductive dechlorination (hydrogenolysis) pathway. The lower pathway with downward-facing double-line arrows is the beta-elimination pathway.





PLUME STOP
Liquid Activated Carbon

S-Micro ZVI
Sulfidated Zero-Valent Iron

In the PRB, the co-application of PlumeStop and S-MicroZVI combines a massive surface area for contaminant sorption with the rapid degradation of CVOCs to non-toxic end products such as ethene, ethane, and CO₂. These end products, which do not bind to carbon, free up PlumeStop's sorption sites on the aquifer matrix. As PlumeStop is regenerated, the PRB's treatment capacity is further extended.

Aggressively remediating CVOCs in the source zone (AOC-1) eliminates the continuing CVOC mass flux into the near downgradient plume (AOC-2), leaving only the residual contaminants between AOC-1 and AOC-2 for PRB treatment. In this manner, the combined remedy permanently addresses the exposure risk to onsite or potential offsite receptors.

The strategy presented in the FS/RAP was subsequently approved by the Water Board, following completion of the Waste Discharge Requirements (WDR) permitting deliverables and a 6- to 12-month-long approval process. In addition, the approach required City approval prior to implementation, which oversaw site activities throughout the project.

Remedy Implementation

Successful Application Overcomes Challenging Site Conditions



REGENESIS Remediation Services (RRS) implemented the remedies in the shallow groundwater, including design verification testing (DVT), between March 2021 to June 2022. RRS completed the DVT phase in March 2021 and the full-scale application at AOC-1 and AOC-2 in January and May 2022, respectively.

DVT included the installation of Passive Flux Monitor™ (PFM) devices installed at the PRB location to attune mass flux estimates for amendment dosing, injection testing to assess amendment distribution, and soil core collection to confirm the injection interval, along with baseline CVOC and geochemical sampling.

During DVT mobilization, S-MicroZVI was also applied to 20% or 1,000 square feet of AOC-1. The drilling work was completed in an office area with low overhead clearance, requiring a compact hydraulic percussion (i.e., direct push) rig for the injections, operated by Legacy Remediation (Legacy). [Figure 5](#) The work required significant coordination between the tenant, Roux, Legacy, and RRS in order to ensure a safe and healthy work environment for all involved.

During the application, RRS controlled the delivery of amendments to the target injection zone, maintaining low injection pressures averaging less than 20 pounds per square inch (psi), limiting the amendments' surfacing around only a few boreholes.



Figure 5. Injections in the building office area at AOC-1.

RRS safely completed the S-MZVI/PlumeStop injections under the time allotted by the project schedule while coordinating the work with the site tenant, achieving the minimal-disruption goal.

To remediate soil vapor CVOCs, Roux installed the SVE system in April 2021, orienting the system to accommodate soil vapor impacts and building occupancy. Roux’s innovative design allowed for transitioning to the passive SSDS approach following bulk CVOC vapor removal by the SVE system.

Figure 6

AOC-1 Application Details

AOC-1 Application Details

Treatment Surface area	5,000 ft ²
Target Vertical Interval	7 to 17 ft bgs
Injection Points	38
S-MicroZVI Injections	
Mass	4,700 lbs
Solution	24,740 gal
Avg. Injection Pressure	15 psi
Application Dates	
March 2021	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Initial 20% <input type="radio"/> DVT phase
January 2022	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Full-scale <input type="radio"/> 80% phase

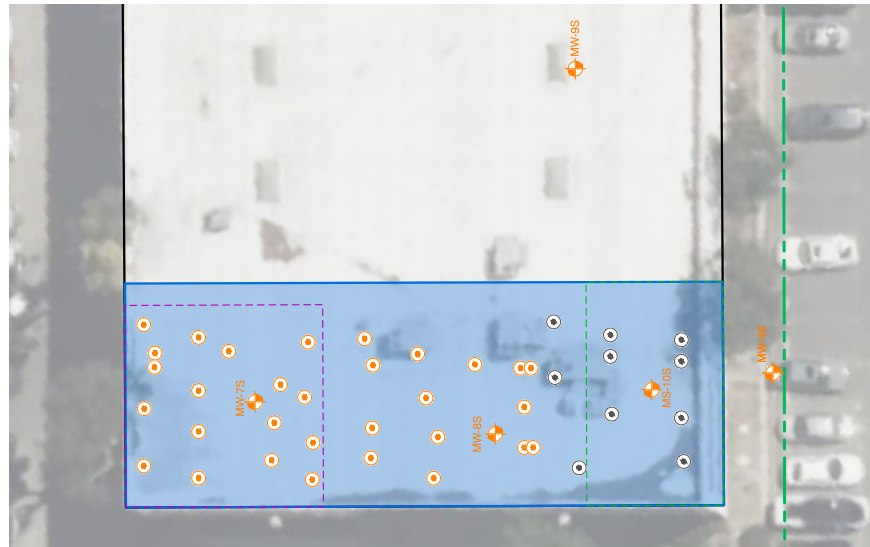
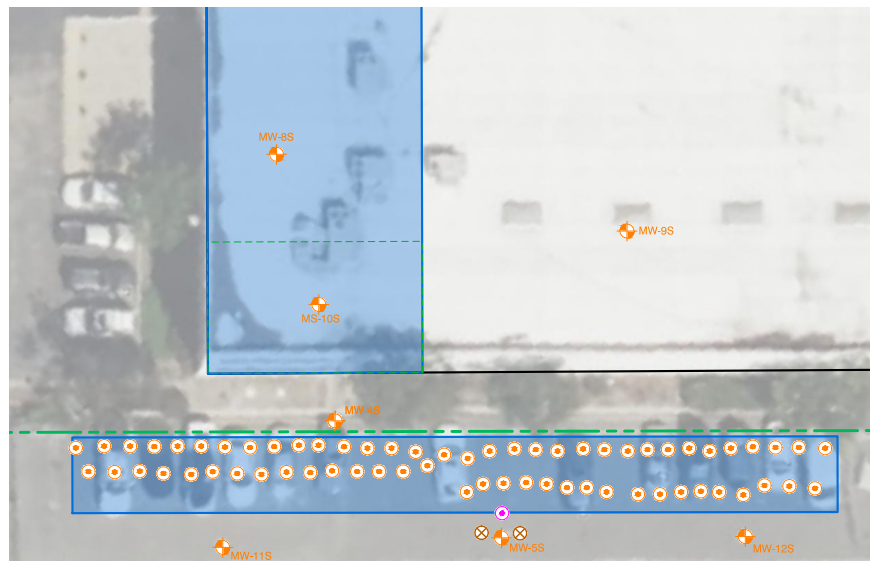


Figure 7

AOC-2 Application Details

AOC-2 Application Details

Barrier Length	200 ft
Target Vertical Interval	8 to 18 ft bgs
Injection Points	67
Amendments Injected	
PlumeStop	11,200 lbs
S-MicroZVI	4,000 lbs
Avg. Injection Pressure	12 psi
Total Solution Volume	29,480 gal
Application Dates	
March 2021	<input type="radio"/> DVT phase <input type="radio"/> hydraulic testing, baseline sampling, <input type="radio"/> PFM installation
May 2022	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Full-scale phase





Results and Conclusions

Remedy Quickly Reduces CVOC Concentration Below Targets, Priming Site for Future Closure

The groundwater monitoring well network used to measure performance included three wells inside AOC 1 (MW-7s, MW-8s, and MW-10s) and three wells immediately downgradient of the PRB installed at AOC-2 (MW-11s, MW-5s, and MW-12s). Soil vapor sampling has been completed to document changes in CVOC soil vapors. The remediation has resulted in the following results.

AOC-1-S-MicroZVI Source Area Groundwater Treatment:

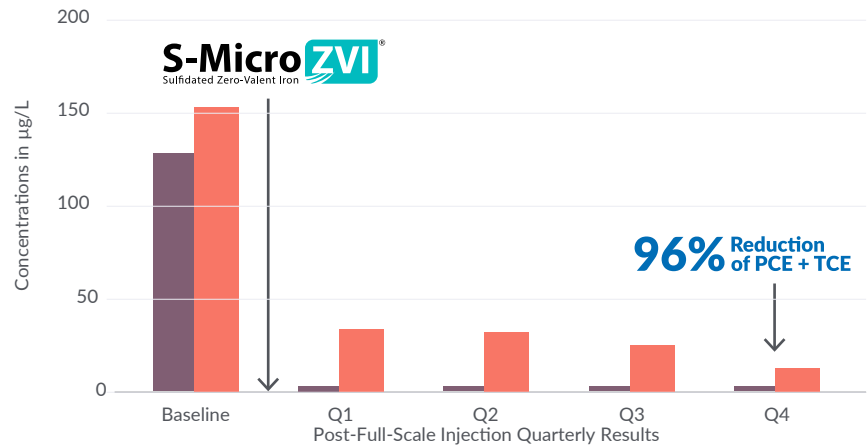
96% Reduction of PCE + TCE

PCE and TCE concentrations have been reduced by an average of 99% and 94%, respectively, resulting in a total CVOC reduction of 96% and below area CVOC background levels after four quarters of performance monitoring.

Figure 8

AOC-1 Average PCE and TCE in MW-7s, MW8s, and MW-10s

- TCE - Average
- PCE - Average



AOC-2-PlumeStop/S-Micro ZVI PRB:

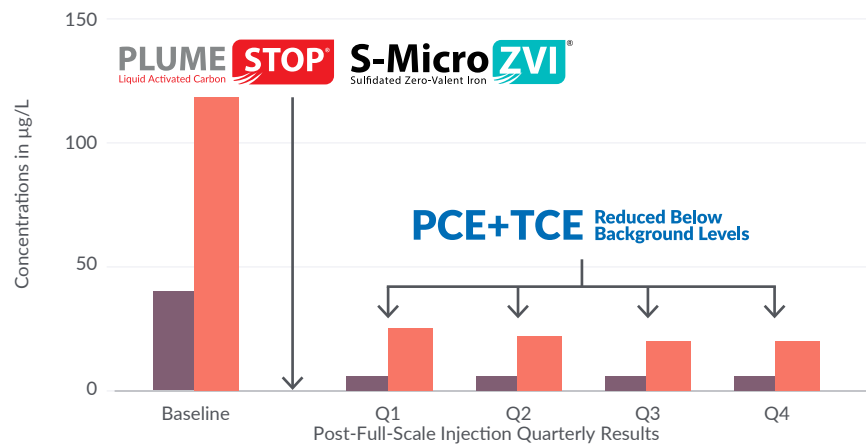
PCE+TCE
Reduced Below
Background Levels

The PlumeStop and S-MicroZVI barrier has reduced PCE and TCE concentrations below the background levels related to the offsite CVOC source(s) through four quarters of monitoring. These results obtained from the near-downgradient performance monitoring wells demonstrate that the barrier is meeting its performance goal, effectively stopping the CVOC contaminant flux from the site.

Consistent with other sites where S-MZVI was used to facilitate ISCR, the rapid and sustained PCE and TCE reductions at AOC-1 and AOC-2 were achieved without forming significant concentrations of daughter products cis-1,2-dichloroethene (cis-DCE) and vinyl chloride (VC).

Figure 9 AOC-2, Average PCE and TCE (µg/L) at MW-11s, MW-5s, and MW-12s

- TCE - Average
- PCE - Average





AOC-1-SVE Treatment of Soil Vapors

99% Reduction
of PCE + TCE

The SVE system installed at AOC-1 has reduced PCE and TCE concentrations by 99% in the sub-slab and vadose zone, eliminating the potential for significant further vapor intrusion.

With the first year of performance monitoring now completed, Roux is petitioning the Water Board to allow permanent SVE system shutdown and removal of the SVE system at AOC-1. The SVE system operated for less than one year. Moving forward, the SSDS approach (using the same SVE system piping) will continue to mitigate CVOCs passively in the soil gas.

Operations, maintenance, and monitoring (OM&M) activities will continue at AOC-1, concurrent with performance monitoring of the PRB at AOC-2.

The combined remedy has thus far achieved its goals, reducing CVOC concentrations in the treatment areas below the area-wide background levels in the groundwater and soil gas, and setting the site up for future closure. By using the best available technologies to achieve the Client's goals, the project reflects Roux's effectiveness and experience in providing comprehensive remedial solutions for legacy CVOC releases while overcoming challenging site conditions.

About the Consultant

Roux



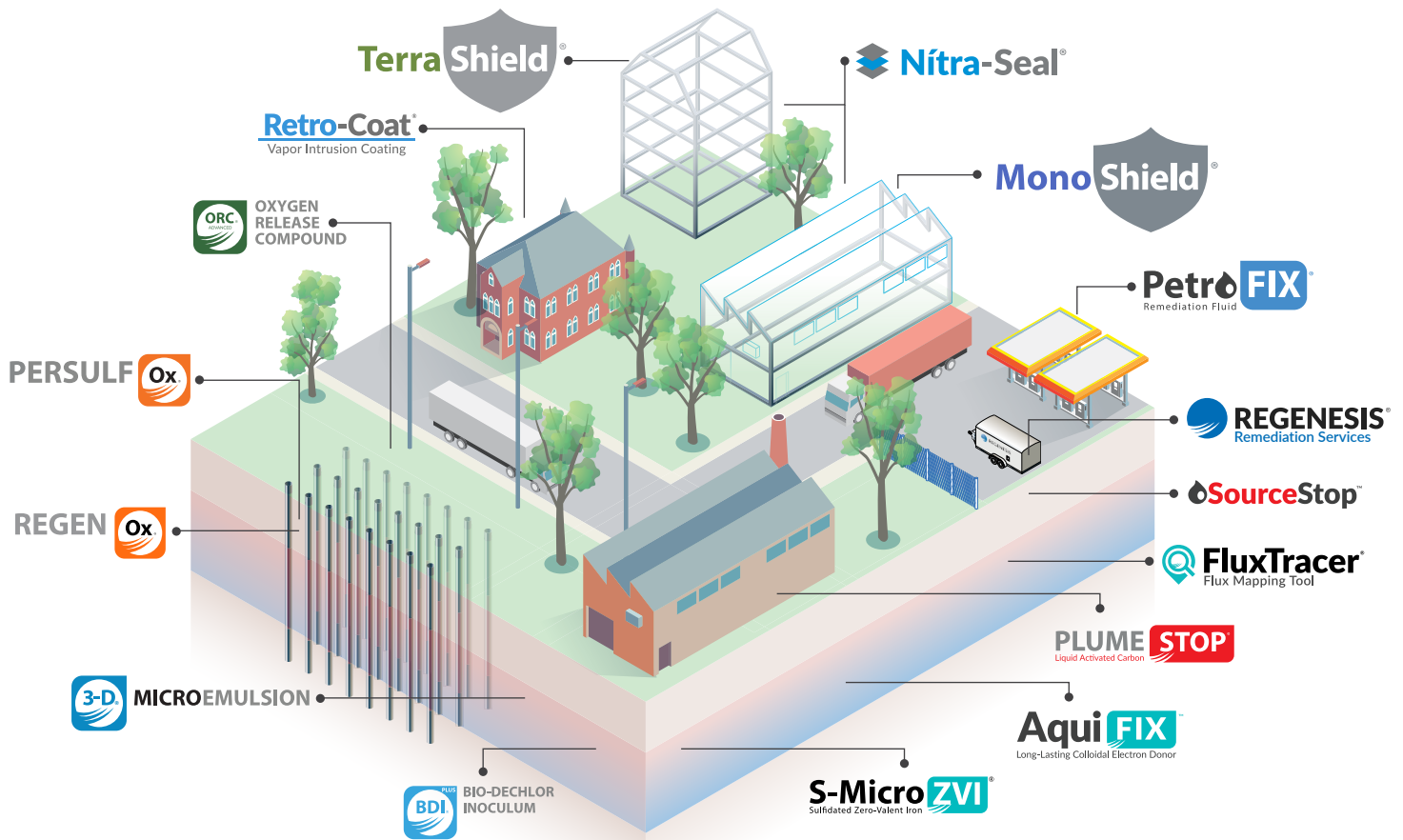
The Roux organization applies sophisticated scientific, technical, and managerial resources to develop and implement effective, efficient, and sustainable solutions to their clients' most challenging environmental and environmentally related health and economic issues. Roux provides their advisory, compliance, and field services to a broad spectrum of both private and public sector clients nationwide, including numerous Fortune 500 companies and their associated law firms.

Founded over 40 years ago, Roux was built upon management and cleanup of large, complex environmental remediation projects, including Superfund sites, chemical and manufacturing plants, and petroleum refineries and distribution terminals. Today, Roux offers a much broader array of consulting services as an employee-owned company with over 400 environmental, health & safety, and economic professionals in a variety of science, economic, and engineering disciplines. Roux's clients span sectors in Real Estate; Financial; Manufacturing/Industrial; Energy; Legal; Insurance; Government/Municipal; Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG); and Water Resources.



April McGuire

April McGuire graduated from UCLA with a B.S. in Chemical Engineering and is based in the Los Angeles area. She is a Senior Engineer at Roux where she manages various types of projects, including remediation, site investigation, vapor intrusion mitigation systems (VIMS) design, and litigation support. She loves the diverse work which always brings new challenges and opportunities for growth, and she prides herself on providing exceptional service to every client she works with.



About REGENESIS

At REGENESIS we value innovation, technology, expertise and people which together form the unique framework we operate in as an organization. We see innovation and technology as inseparably linked with one being born out of the other.

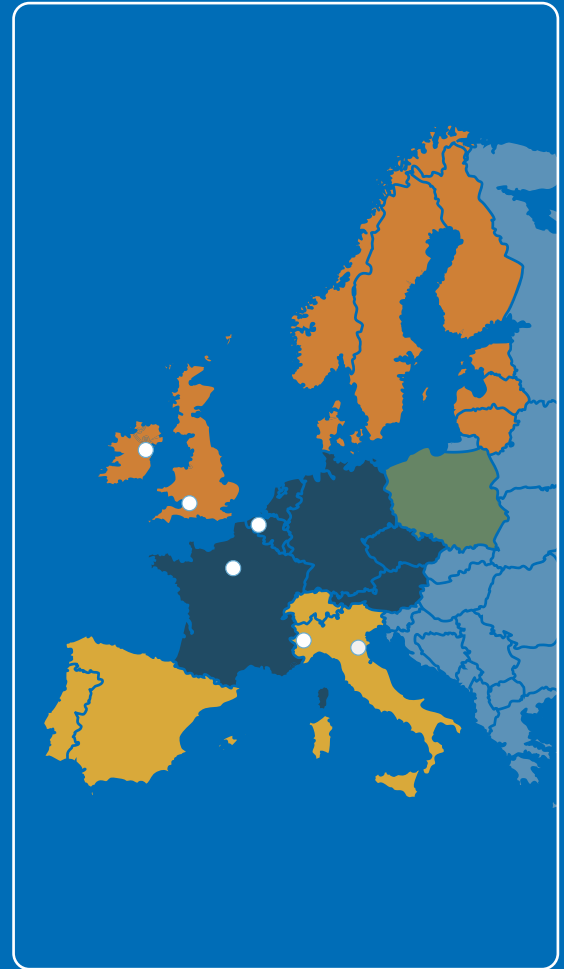
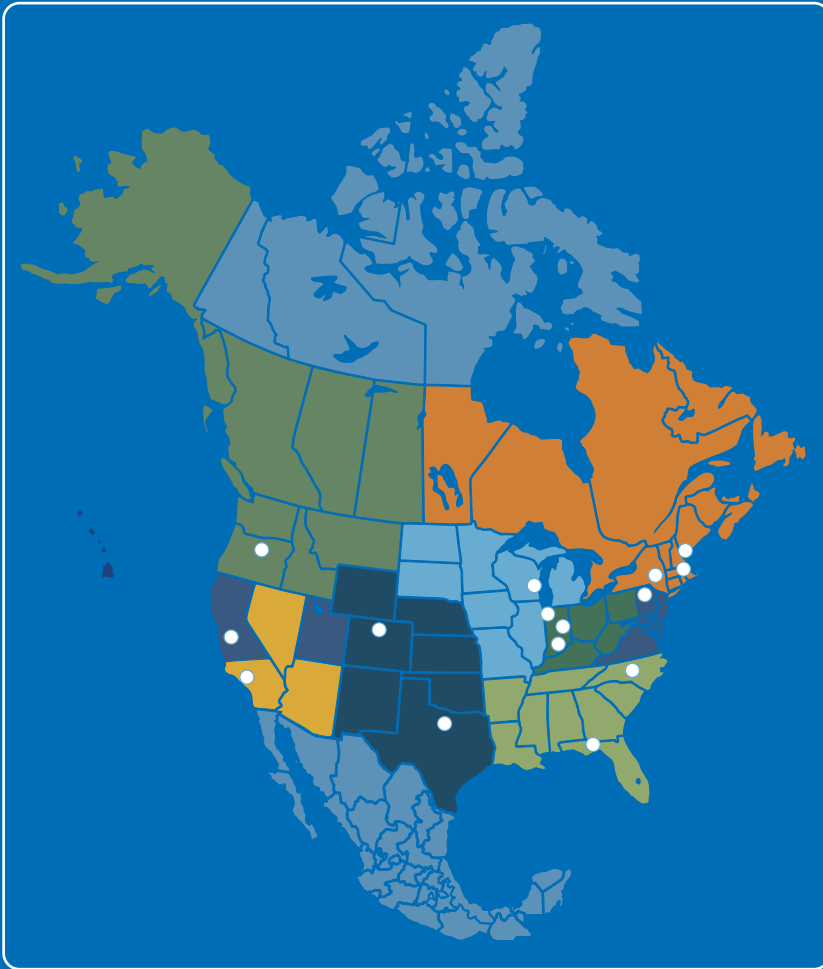
Inherently, innovation imparts new and better ways of thinking and doing. For us this means delivering expert environmental solutions in the form of the most advanced and effective technologies and services available today.

We value expertise, both our customers' and our own. We find that when our experienced staff collaborates directly with customers on complex problems there is a high potential for success including savings in time, resources and cost.

At REGENESIS we are driven by a strong sense of responsibility to the people charged with managing the complex environmental problems we encounter and to the people involved in developing and implementing our technology-based solutions. We are committed to investing in lasting relationships by taking time to understand the people we work with and their circumstances. We believe this is a key factor in achieving successful project outcomes.

We believe that by acting under this set of values, we can work with our customers to achieve a cleaner, healthier, and more prosperous world.

We're Ready to Help You Find the Right Solution For Your Site



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