SAFETY DATA SHEET



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Hydrogen Release Compound PRIMER (HRC PRIMER®) Trade name or designation

of the mixture

Registration number

Synonyms None.

24-October-2021 Issue date

01 Version number **Revision date** Supersedes date

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Remediation of soils and groundwater.

None known. Uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

REGENESIS Company name **Address** Cambridge House

> Henry Street Bath, Somerset BA1 1BT

United Kingdom

General information +44 (0) 1225 618161

CustomerService@regenesis.com E-mail

1.4. Emergency telephone

number

112 (Available 24 hours a day. SDS/Product information may not be available for the General in EU

Emergency Service.)

CHEMTREC For Dangerous Goods Incidents ONLY (spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident), call

> CHEMTREC 24/7 at: (+)1-703-527-3887

International USA, Canada (+)1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Health hazards

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 H315 - Causes skin irritation. Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 H318 - Causes serious eye

damage.

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

Contains: Glycerol Tripolylactate, Lactic acid

Hazard pictograms

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements

Causes skin irritation. H315 Causes serious eye damage. H318

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Precautionary statements

Prevention

P260 Do not breathe vapour.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage Not assigned.

Disposal Not assigned.

Supplemental information on

the label

None.

2.3. Other hazards

This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation

(EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General information

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Lactic acid	90	50-21-5 200-018-0	-	-	
Classifica	ation: Acute Tox 1;H318	c. 4;H302, Acute Tox.	3;H331, Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Ey	ye Dam.	
Glycerol Tripolylactate	6-7	201167-72-8 -	-	-	
Classifica	ation: Skin Irrit.	2;H315, Eye Dam. 1;I	H318		
Glycerol	3-4	56-81-5 200-289-5	-	-	#
Classifica	ation: -				

List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above

#: This substance has been assigned Community workplace exposure limit(s).

Composition comments All concentrations are in percent by weight unless otherwise indicated.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to

protect themselves.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get

medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having

convulsions. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. Get medical

attention if symptoms occur.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause

redness and pain.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

5.1. Extinguishing media

media

Suitable extinguishing

Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder. Foam.

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SDS Great Britain

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Combustion products may include: carbon oxides, phosphorus compounds and metal oxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Special fire fighting procedures

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Water spray should be used to cool

containers.

Specific methods Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapours or divert vapour cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe vapour. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin, and clothing. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Recommended storage containers: plastic lined steel, plastic, glass, aluminum, stainless steel, or reinforced fiberglass.

Remediation of soils and groundwater. 7.3. Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Components	Type	Value	Form
Glycerol (CAS 56-81-5)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Mist.

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Recommended monitoring procedures

Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Derived no effect levels (DNELs)

Not available.

Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs) Not available.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering

controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information

Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

Eye/face protection Wear approved, tight fitting indirect vented or non-vented safety goggles where splashing is

probable. Face shield is recommended. Eye protection should meet standard EN 166.

Skin protection

- Hand protection Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Rubber or vinyl-coated gloves are recommended.

- Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use filter type A1 according to EN 14387.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Hygiene measures Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material

and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

equipment to remove contaminants.

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Colour Yellow.
Odour Odourless.
Odour threshold Not available.

pH 2 (3% solution/water)

Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Not available. Not available.

Flash point

Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas)

Vapour pressure

Vapour density

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Relative density 1.1 - 1.3 (Water = 1)

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Soluble.

Solubility (other) Acetone and DMSO.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperatureNot available.Decomposition temperatureNot available.Viscosity< 1000 cP</th>Explosive propertiesNot available.Oxidising propertiesNot available.

9.2. Other information

Specific gravity 1.1 - 1.3

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability Undergoes hydrolysis in water to form lactic acid and glycerol.10.3. Possibility of hazardous No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents. Bases. Acids.

10.6. Hazardous Ther

Thermal decomposition or combustion may produce: carbon oxides, phosphorus compounds,

decomposition products metal oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause irritation to the respiratory system.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed. However, ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of

occupational exposure. Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise.

Symptoms Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and

blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause

redness and pain.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Components Species Test Results

Glycerol (CAS 56-81-5)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 12600 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory sensitisation

Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Skin sensitisation

Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Carcinogenicity

Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Reproductive toxicity

Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

-poutou onpoout

Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Aspiration hazardDue to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Mixture versus substance

information

No information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components Species Test Results

Glycerol (CAS 56-81-5)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Crustacea > 10000 mg/l, 24 Hours

12.2. Persistence and

degradability

Material is readily degradable and undergoes hydrolysis in several hours.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient

n-octanol/water (log Kow)

Glycerol (CAS 56-81-5) -1.76 Lactic acid (CAS 50-21-5) -0.72

Bioconcentration factor (BCF) Not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Not a PBT or vPvB substance or mixture.

12.6. Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste Dispose in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

EU waste codeThe Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Disposal methods/information Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Special precautionsDispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

RID

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ADN

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

14.7. Transport in bulk

Not established.

according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC

Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Retained direct EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended

Not listed

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended

Not listed

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA Not listed.

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorisation, as amended

Not listed.

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended Not listed.

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

Not listed.

Other regulations

This product is classified and labelled in accordance with the retained CLP Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008, as amended for Great Britain.

Use of this product by young persons under the age of 18 is not allowed in accordance with the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 [SI 1999/3242], as amended. Follow the requirements of the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 [SI 2002/2677], as amended, when using this material.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

CEN: European Committee for Standardization (Comité Européen de Normalisation).

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level. ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IBC: Intermediate Bulk Container.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic. PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative.

References ECHA: European Chemical Agency.

C&L Inventory database.

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation

methods and test data, if available.

Full text of any H-statements not written out in full under Sections 2 to 15

H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

Training information Disclaimer

Follow training instructions when handling this material.

Regenesis cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

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